## Sinus Exposure Precautions

Post-Operative Instructions

Kevin Zhou • Vinay Chaudhary

www.publish.uwo.ca/~kzhou54 519-661-3326 Ext. 89380

Upper teeth near the back of the upper jaw are usually very close to the maxillary sinus, which are air-filled cavities beneath your eyes and behind your cheekbones. A frequent complication of removing upper molar (back) teeth is exposure of the sinus floor. Most exposures will heal spontaneously or with minimal intervention as long as the following instructions are strictly adhered to after the surgery:

- Some intermittent nose bleeding from the side of the surgery is a normal occurrence. Please do not be alarmed.
- Do NOT blow your nose vigorously for two weeks. There is a natural communication between your nose and sinus.
- Any positive pressure in your nose will be directly transferred to the sinus and subsequently to the fresh extraction site.
- If you feel "stuffed up", decongestants such as Drixoral, Dimetapp, or Sudafed will help reduce pressure in the sinuses. Please keep your tongue away from the fresh surgical site.
- As the swelling subsides, the stitches might feel like they are loosening up. Please do not cut them prematurely.
- Do NOT use straws for two weeks. The negative pressure generated from the straw will open the communication to the sinus and disrupt the healing process.
- Do NOT smoke for two to three weeks. Smoking has a much more profound influence on oral wounds than any other part of the body, since the effect of the smoke is directly in contact with the healing wound. Wound breakdown and poor healing are ten times more prevalent in smokers than non-smokers.
- When sneezing, please do so with your mouth open, and do not sneeze holding your nose. The generated pressure must be released without transmitting to your sinuses.
- Anything that causes pressure in your nasal cavity must be avoided. Avoid lifting
  heavy objects, blowing up balloons, playing musical instruments that require a
  blowing action or any other activity that increases nasal or oral pressure. Scuba diving
  and flying in pressurized aircraft may also increase sinus pressure and should be
  avoided.
- Not adhering to these instructions may result in a permanent communication (fistula) between your mouth and your sinus. Prevention is always the most prudent option.
- If you have any questions or concerns, please contact us at www.publish.uwo.ca/~kzhou54 or call 519-661-3326 Ext. 89380